Section 6 .- Fatal Industrial Accidents.

Statistics of fatal industrial accidents have been compiled by the Dominion Department of Labour since 1903, the data being obtained from provincial Workmen's Compensation Boards, the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada and various other governmental authorities, from departmental correspondents and from press clippings. Table 4 shows the number of fatal industrial accidents reported to the Department during each year from 1926 to 1930 inclusive. The number of fatalities in each of the different industries is also shown as a percentage of the total number. Preliminary figures show 1,607 fatal industrial accidents in 1930.

Industry.	Number of Fatal Accidents.					Per cent of Total Accidents.				
	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.1	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.
Agriculture. Logging. Fishing and trapping. Mining, non-ferrous smelting and quarrying. Manufacturing. Construction. Electric light and powers. Transportation and public utilities. Trade. Service. Miscellaneous.	151 126 71 154 184 159 351 26 68 13	162 164 125 168 153 189 322 27 104	194 176 43 260 201 250 387 64 102	156 235 54 234 250 298 366 58 114	121 168 35 257 189 312 40 316 54 115	9.7 5-5 11.8 14.1 12.2	11.6 8.8 11.9 10.8 13.4 - 22.8 1.9 7.3		13·3 3·1 13·2	10·4 2·2 16·0 11·8
Totals	1,303	1,415	1,677	1,766	1,607	100-0	100.0	100-0	100.0	100.0

Figures subject to relision. 2Previously included under Transportation and Public Utilities.

Causes of Fatal Accidents.—The classification of fatal accidents in 1930 according to causes shows that the largest number, 427, came under the category "by moving trains, vehicles, etc" This includes all accidents due to cars or engines, including mine and quarry cars, and to automobiles and other power vehicles and horse drawn vehicles, as well as accidents caused by moving implements (both those impelled by power and those drawn by horses), by moving watercraft and by aircraft. The largest number of accidents thus caused, 121, appear under the heading covering persons being struck or run over by, or crushed by or between, cars and engines, 66 of these victims being engaged on steam railways. Also, 97 were caused by automobiles and other power vehicles and implements, 97 were in connection with watercraft (15 being in fishing and trapping and 37 in water transportation); 31 were due to derailments and collisions (20 in steam railways); 25 were caused by animal-drawn vehicles and implements (13 of which were in agriculture, accidents primarily caused by animals being classified elsewhere); 26 were caused by persons falling from or in cars or engines, 16 by mine and quarry cars; and 15 fatalities occurred in aircraft.

Next in order as a cause of fatalities came falls of persons", 307 in number, including 120 falls into pits, shafts, harbours, rivers, etc. (some of which resulted in drowning), 77 falls from elevations, 28 due to collapse of support, 27 falls from loads, etc., 16 from ladders, 9 into holds of vessels, 9 due to falls on the level, 9 into tanks, vats, kilns, etc., 8 down stairs and inclines, and 4 due to falls on sharp objects.